

Global value chains and middle income trap in Central and Eastern Europe

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Research problem

- Potential income trap in Central and Eastern Europe (EBRD, 2017)
- Low-costs vs. productivity based growth
- Regional innovation paradox (Oughton et al, 2002; Muscio et al. 2015)
- Can greater involvement in GVCs help to improve innovativeness of CEE economies and provide an escape from the potential trap? (cf. Vivarelli, 2014)

Why Central and Eastern Europe?

- Unique historical experience
- Recent integration into global trade networks
- GVCs data available for the major part of CEE countries's history as free economies

Theoretical framework (I)

- Structure of global value chains
- Low vs. high value added depending on sector/firm position
- Greater involvement can lead to (Taglioni and Winkler, 2016):
 - Domestic and foreign pressure for increased innovation activities
 - New standards, processes – specific skills

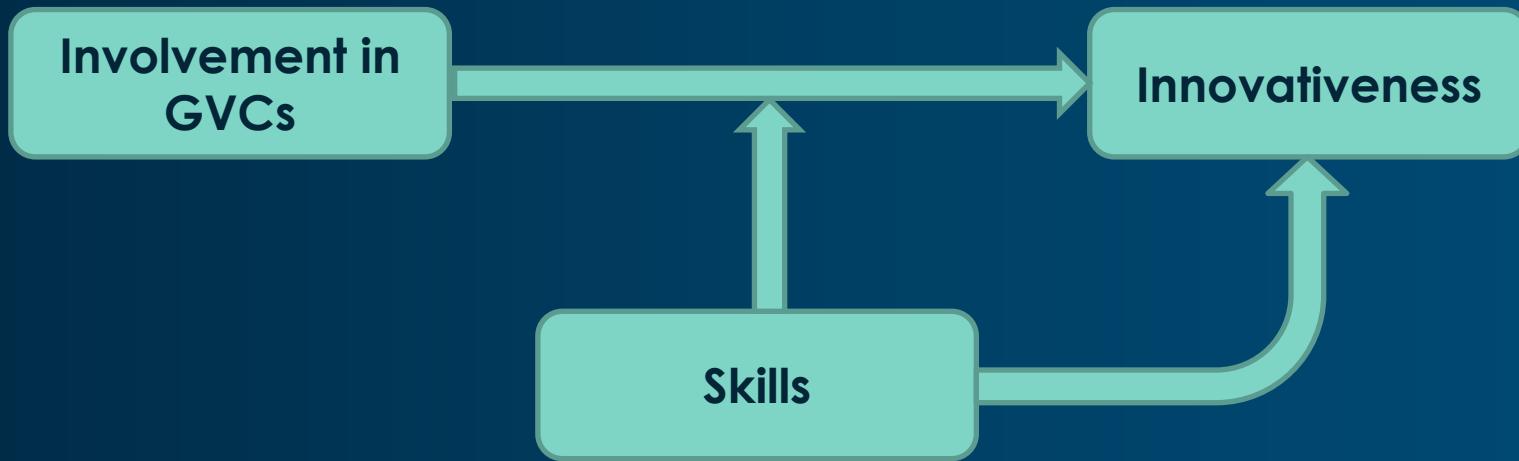
Theoretical framework (II)

- Skills, innovation, GVCs – endogeneity problem
- Type of relationship:
 - Moderation?
 - Mediation?
 - Independent?

Working hypotheses

- H1. Higher involvement in GVCs is associated with higher innovativeness at the sector level.
- H2. Higher skills are associated with higher innovativeness at the sector level.
- H3. Higher involvement in GVCs has a stronger positive relationship with innovativeness at the sector level, when skills are higher.

Working hypotheses



Methodology: Data sources and unit of analysis

- Unit: country-sector
- WIOD database (Timmer et al., 2015) / UIBE GVC index (cf. Wang et al., 2017)
- Eurostat Community Innovation Survey
- Eurostat Structural Business Statistics

Methodology: GVC and skills indicators

- **Participation:**
 - the ratio between domestic VA in intermediary products and total domestic VA for a country-sector
- **Revealed comparative advantage (RCA):**
 - country-sector's revealed comparative advantage in terms of domestic value added in intermediate products' export
- **Personnel costs:**
 - Average personnel costs per employer

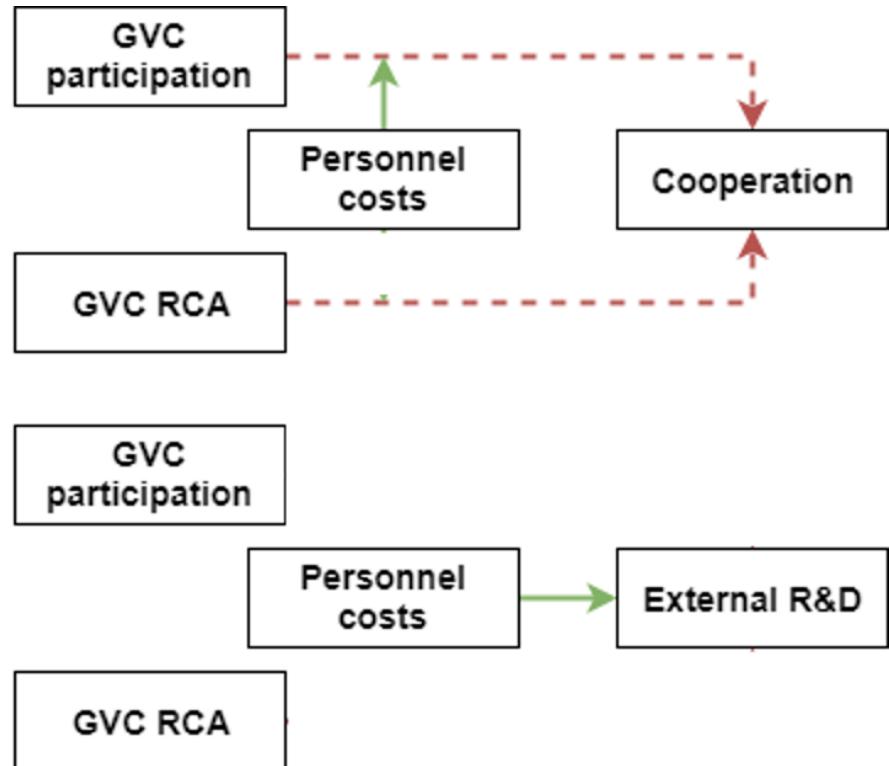
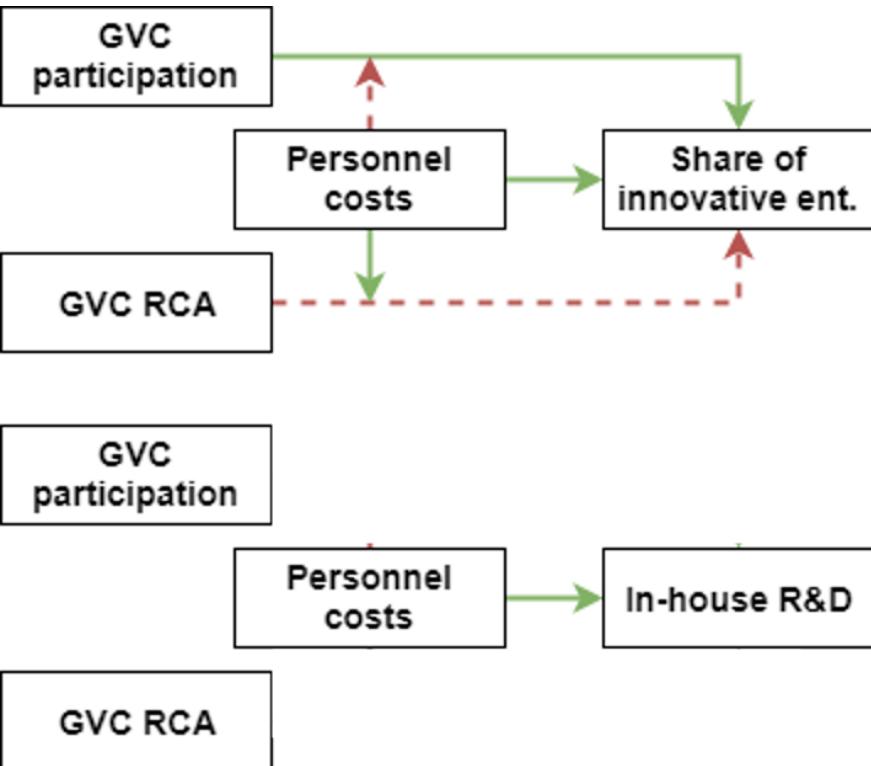
Methodology: Innovation indicators

- Innovative enterprises:
 - share of innovative enterprises
- In-house R&D:
 - in-house R&D as share in total turnover
- External R&D:
 - external R&D as share in total turnover of a country-sector
- Cooperation:
 - % of enterprises in any type of innovation co-operation with a partner in EU, EFTA or EU candidates (including national partners) out of product process innovative enterprises

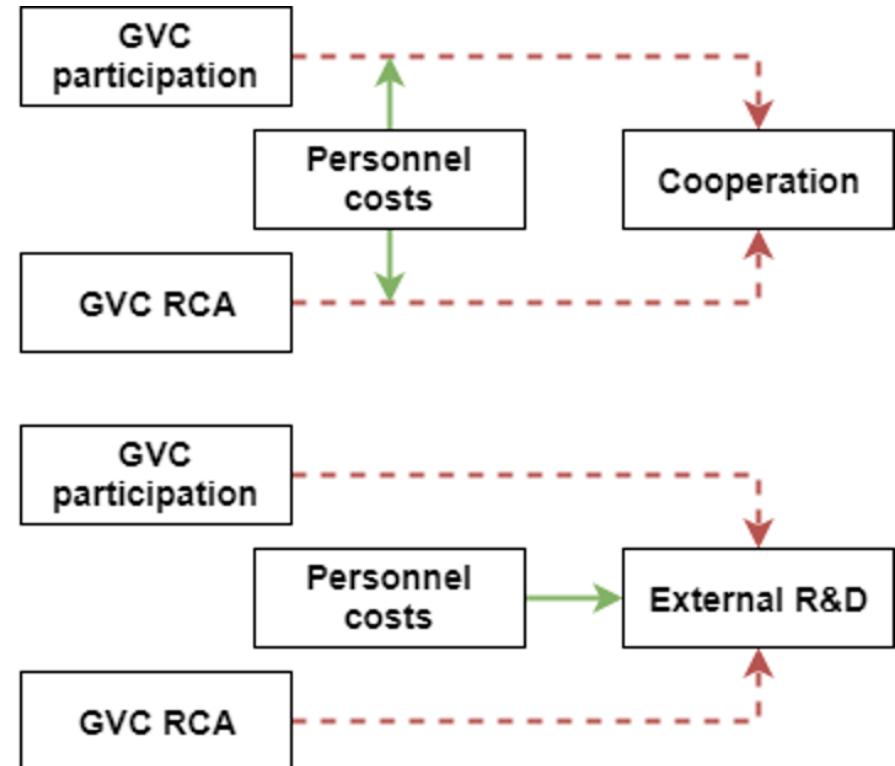
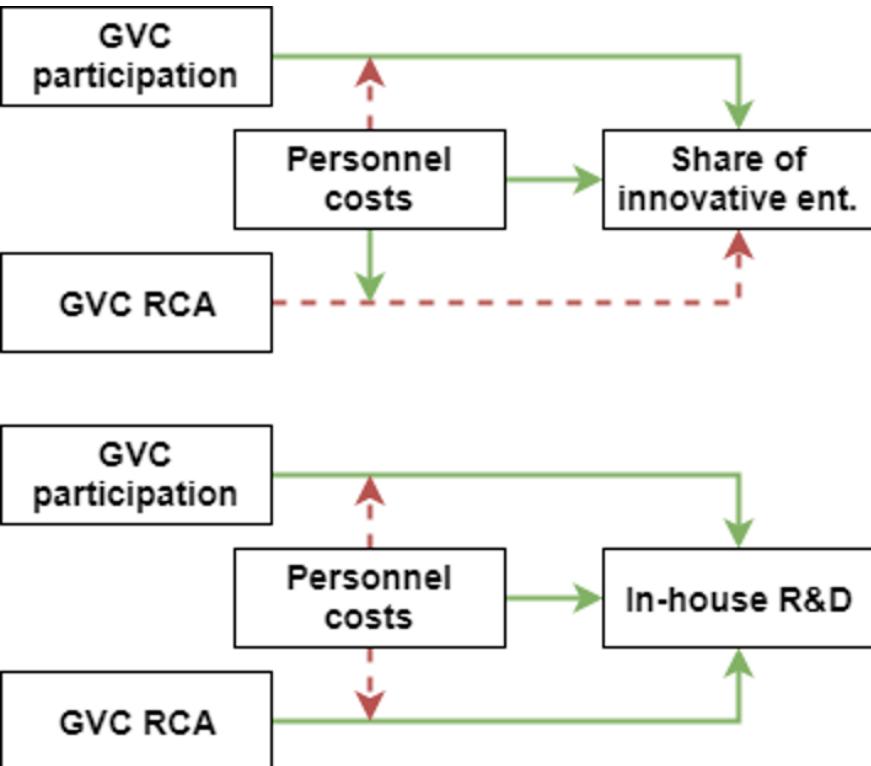
Challenges: Data coverage

- GVC:
 - Full time-series 2000-2014
- Innovation:
 - 2008-2014 (bi-annual)
- Skills:
 - 2008-2014

Results: Relationships (OLS)



Results: Relationships (WLS)



Implications

- The **main implications** from the CEE analysis are:
 - Participation in GVCs is positively associated with the share of innovative companies. However, at the higher skill level, the relationship can become negative. The relationship is opposite for RCA.
 - Participation in GVCs also seems to have a negative effect on innovation cooperation, but the effect can become positive with a higher level of skills.
 - Higher skills are associated with higher innovativeness.
 - The findings suggest that there are more nuances in the relationship between GVCs, skills, and innovation, and that variables used to measure innovation can have different ‘working logic’.

Thank you!

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Annex I: Share of innovative enterprises (WLS)

Independent variable	Coefficient	Standard error	t-ratio	p-value
CONSTANT	0.253536	0.0156903	16.16	<0.0001
SURP	0.000611116	0.00049862	1.226	0.2207
COST	0.00955517	0.0010784	8.861	<0.0001
APPAR	0.00039572	0.00021557	1.836	0.0667
RCA	-0.0515661	0.00662857	-7.779	<0.0001
PART	0.24875	0.0363611	6.841	<0.0001
RCA*COST	0.00292966	0.00048704	6.015	<0.0001
PART*COST	-0.0166547	0.00248928	-6.691	<0.0001
Adjusted R ²	0.492352			
P-value(F)	<0.0001			
Number of observations	917			
Number of cross-sectional units	255			
Time-series length	1-4			

Annex II: Cooperation (WLS)

Independent variable	Coefficient	Standard error	t-ratio	p-value
CONSTANT	38.8318	1.96412	19.7706	<0.0001
SURP	0.0871226	0.0486848	1.7895	0.0742
COST	0.180253	0.176637	1.0205	0.308
APPAR	0.005484	0.0365736	0.1499	0.8809
RCA	-3.37915	0.678732	-4.9786	<0.0001
PART	-33.3924	3.96122	-8.4298	<0.0001
RCA*COST	0.168818	0.0483543	3.4913	0.0005
PART*COST	2.1534	0.308174	6.9876	<0.0001
Adjusted R ²	0.592135			
P-value(F)	<0.0001			
Number of observations	465			
Number of cross-sectional units	249			
Time-series length	1-2			

Annex III: In-house R&D (WLS)

Independent variable	Coefficient	Standard error	t-ratio	p-value
CONSTANT	-2.09614	0.230464	-9.095	<0.0001
SURP	0.0139633	0.00348971	4.001	<0.0001
COST	0.324036	0.0177083	18.30	<0.0001
APPAR	-0.0180404	0.00227712	-7.922	<0.0001
RCA	0.146674	0.0329839	4.447	<0.0001
PART	3.04048	0.429791	7.074	<0.0001
RCA*COST	-0.0256685	0.00263385	-9.746	<0.0001
PART*COST	-0.404534	0.0319171	-12.67	<0.0001
Adjusted R ²	0.450447			
P-value(F)	<0.0001			
Number of observations	863			
Number of cross-sectional units	280			
Time-series length	1-2			

Annex IV: External R&D (WLS)

Independent variable	Coefficient	Standard error	t-ratio	p-value
CONSTANT	0.216288	0.0244429	8.849	<0.0001
SURP	-0.00167128	0.00059746	-2.797	0.0053
COST	0.00689761	0.00236978	2.911	0.0037
APPAR	-0.00115958	0.00026799	-4.327	<0.0001
RCA	-0.0146779	0.00506312	-2.899	0.0038
PART	-0.274396	0.0421779	-6.506	<0.0001
RCA*COST	0.000598505	0.00046764	1.28	0.201
PART*COST	-0.00516580	0.00402777	-1.283	0.2
Adjusted R ²	0.492352			
P-value(F)	<0.0001			
Number of observations	822			
Number of cross-sectional units	286			
Time-series length	1-4			

Annex V: Share of innovative enterprises (OLS)

Independent variable	Coefficient	Standard error	t-ratio	p-value
CONSTANT	0.263791	0.0490658	5.376	<0.0001
SURP	0.00104779	0.00139121	0.7532	0.4521
COST	0.00937449	0.00416971	2.248	0.0254
APPAR	0.000304619	0.0005608	0.5432	0.5875
RCA	-0.0405335	0.0172948	-2.344	0.0199
PART	0.195241	0.0953533	2.048	0.0416
RCA*COST	0.00221408	0.00126537	1.75	0.0814
PART*COST	-0.0137965	0.0078961	-1.747	0.0818
Adjusted R ²	0.11492			
P-value(F)	3.41E-07			
Number of observations	917			
Number of cross-sectional units	255			
Time-series length	1-4			

Annex VI: Cooperation (OLS)

Independent variable	Coefficient	Standard error	t-ratio	p-value
CONSTANT	37.1025	8.08247	4.5905	<0.0001
SURP	0.161997	0.190624	0.8498	0.3959
COST	0.254423	0.479575	0.5305	0.596
APPAR	-0.00466476	0.0881695	-0.0529	0.9578
RCA	-3.42818	1.71295	-2.0013	0.0459
PART	-29.8187	16.6662	-1.7892	0.0742
RCA*COST	0.17409	0.147302	1.1819	0.2379
PART*COST	1.93123	1.09288	1.7671	0.0779
Adjusted R ²	0.145921			
P-value(F)	5.41E-13			
Number of observations	465			
Number of cross-sectional units	249			
Time-series length	1-2			

Annex VII: In-house R&D (OLS)

Independent variable	Coefficient	Standard error	t-ratio	p-value
CONSTANT	-2.09614	0.230464	-9.095	<0.0001
SURP	0.0139633	0.00348971	4.001	<0.0001
COST	0.324036	0.0177083	18.30	<0.0001
APPAR	-0.0180404	0.00227712	-7.922	<0.0001
RCA	0.146674	0.0329839	4.447	<0.0001
PART	3.04048	0.429791	7.074	<0.0001
RCA*COST	-0.0256685	0.00263385	-9.746	<0.0001
PART*COST	-0.404534	0.0319171	-12.67	<0.0001
Adjusted R ²	0.450447			
P-value(F)	<0.0001			
Number of observations	863			
Number of cross-sectional units	280			
Time-series length	1-2			

Annex VIII: External R&D (OLS)

Independent variable	Coefficient	Standard error	t-ratio	p-value
CONSTANT	0.0983548	0.286613	0.3432	0.7317
SURP	-0.00438972	0.00473984	-0.9261	0.3552
COST	0.0404619	0.0218522	1.852	0.0651
APPAR	-0.00226379	0.00154842	-1.462	0.1448
RCA	-0.00739299	0.031108	-0.2377	0.8123
PART	-0.00516255	0.601182	-0.008587	0.9932
RCA*COST	0.000274472	0.00350632	0.07828	0.9377
PART*COST	-0.0605090	0.0400734	-1.510	0.1322
Adjusted R ²	0.06144			
P-value(F)	0.010262			
Number of observations	822			
Number of cross-sectional units	0.0983548	0.286613	0.3432	0.7317
Time-series length	-0.00438972	0.00473984	-0.9261	0.3552